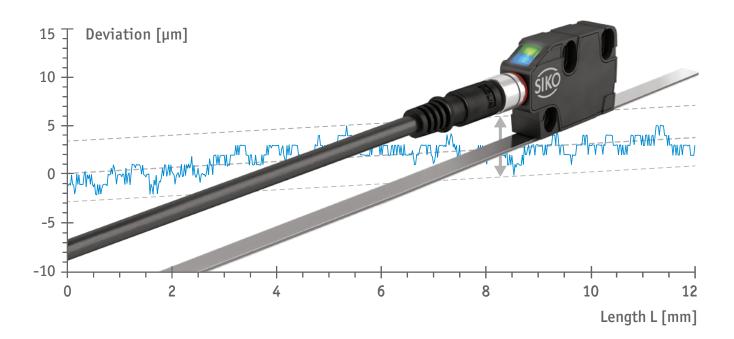


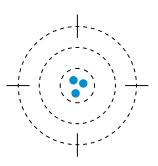
MAGLINE ACCURACY SPECIFICATIONS



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Repeat accuracy

The deviation measured by repeated approach to a defined position is called repeat accuracy. When the defined position is approached from one direction, it is called "unidirectional", when it is approached from both directions, it is called "bi-directional". The SIKO repeat accuracy is documented unidirectional in each encoder data sheet. Example: $\pm 1 \ \mu m$ for MSK1000.



Linearity deviation

The maximum deviation of a measuring line, related to its reference line, is the linearity deviation. This refers to any meter within the entire measuring length. The **linearity deviation X of the encoder** is the result of an accuracy measurement over several magnetic poles.

Magnetic encoder	Pole length	Temperature	Linearity deviation
MSK1000	1 mm	20°C	±2 μm
LEC160	1,6 mm	20°C	±3 μm
MSK200/1	2 mm	20°C	±5 μm
MSK320	3,2 mm	20°C	±30 μm
MSK5000, MSC500	5 mm	20°C	±20 μm
MSA213C	2 mm	20°C	±10 μm

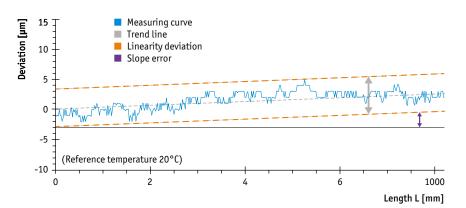


The result of the accuracy measurements of the magnetic band under consideration of the regression line related to 1 m results in the **linea-rity deviation R of the magnetic band**. This is indicated without slope error.

Magnetic band	Pole length	Temperature	Linearity deviation
MB100/1	1 mm	20°C	±8μm/±20μm
MB160	1,6 mm	20°C	±15 μm/±25 μm
MB200/1	2 mm	20°C	±20 μm
MB320/1	3,2 mm	20°C	±50 μm
MB500/1	5 mm	20°C	±35 μm/±50 μm
MBA213	2 mm	20°C	±30 µm







Linearity deviation Z of the system



Linearity deviation encoder (6 pole measurement)



Linearity deviation magnetic band over one meter

Z = X + R Z = ±2 μm + ±8 μm = ±10 μm

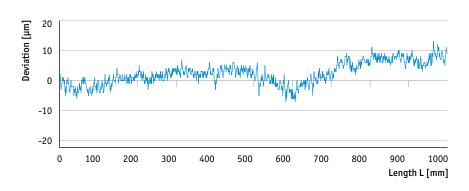
Example: Encoder MSK1000 and magnetic band MB100/1

Measuring curve

Х

MSK1000 ±2 μm

■ MB100/1 ±8µm



Overall accuracy

For overall accuracy G over the entire measuring length L of the application, the slope error S must be added.

S = (L – 1m) * s

- Pole lengths 1 mm and 1.6 mm with high accuracy: s = ±1 µm/m
- All pole lengths and standard accuracy: s = ±10 µm/m

Calculation of overall accuracy G:

G = Z + S

G = ±10 µm + 4,5 m * ±1 µm/m = ±14,5 µm

Explanation: Measuring length 5.5 m with components from example above (linearity deviation Z over 1 m and additional slope error S over 4.5 m)

Influence of the temperature on the linearity deviation

Changing ambient temperature influences the linearity deviation by the length of the magnetic band that is glued on a steel carrier that has $11 \,\mu$ m/m/K.

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